Jurnal Ekonomi dan Statistik Indonesia

2025, Vol. 5, No. 1, 112 - 122

http://dx.doi.org/10.11594/jesi.05.01.13

E ISSN: 2777-0028

Research Article

Development of Entrepreneurship Based on Local Wisdom as an Effort to Improve the Community Economy

Agus, Rukin*

Universitas Teknologi Surabaya, Indonesia

Article history: Submission May 2025 Revised May 2025 Accepted May 2025

*Corresponding author: E-mail:

rukinspdmsi1975@gmail.com

ABSTRACT

This study explores the development of entrepreneurship based on local wisdom as a strategy to enhance community economies. As communities seek sustainable development, integrating indigenous knowledge and cultural practices into entrepreneurial ventures offers a viable path for economic growth, environmental sustainability, and social empowerment. The research highlights how local wisdom-driven businesses can create economic opportunities that are deeply rooted in cultural heritage, fostering resilience and inclusivity within marginalized communities. By examining previous studies, the paper emphasizes that businesses grounded in local traditions not only cater to local needs but also open avenues for global markets, where authenticity and sustainability are increasingly valued. However, challenges such as the commodification of cultural practices, limited access to resources, and scaling difficulties must be addressed to ensure the success and sustainability of such enterprises. The study concludes that for local wisdom-based entrepreneurship to thrive, targeted support from governments, private sectors, and communities is essential. Recommendations include policy development that supports cultural preservation alongside economic growth, and fostering partnerships that enable knowledge exchange and resource access. Ultimately, integrating local wisdom into entrepreneurship can provide a pathway for community empowerment, contributing to the sustainable development of both local and global economies.

Keywords: Local wisdom, Entrepreneurship, Sustainable development, Community economy, Cultural heritage, Inclusive growth

Introduction

Entrepreneurship has long been recognized as a key driver of economic growth and community development. In recent years, there has been a growing interest in integrating local wisdom into entrepreneurial practices as a means

of creating more inclusive, sustainable, and culturally rooted economic systems (Rifqiansyah & Wijaya, 2025; Koeswandi et al., 2024). Local wisdom defined as the collective knowledge, values, and practices that are embedded in a community's traditions offers a unique and

How to cite:

Agus, Rukin (2025). Development of Entrepreneurship Based on Local Wisdom as an Effort to Improve the Community Economy. *Jurnal Ekonomi dan Statistik Indonesia*. *5*(1), 112 – 122. doi: 10.11594/jesi.05.01.13

strategic foundation for entrepreneurial innovation, especially in culturally diverse countries like Indonesia (Suryono et al., 2024). This approach not only enables entrepreneurs to create market differentiation but also strengthens cultural identity and community resilience (Sitiari et al., 2024).

In the context of small and medium enterprises (SMEs), embedding local cultural values into business operations has been shown to enhance competitiveness, market orientation, and innovation (Gunawan et al., 2023). For example, businesses that utilize local symbols, materials, or philosophies in their products often experience stronger customer loyalty and brand authenticity (Ishak, 2024). Furthermore, entrepreneurship based on local wisdom promotes social inclusion by engaging marginalized groups, such as rural communities and traditional artisans, in the value creation process (Hannan, 2019). These practices also align with sustainable development goals by encouraging environmentally friendly production and consumption patterns (Sitiari et al., 2024; Syamsudin et al., 2023).

However, the integration of local wisdom into entrepreneurship is not without challenges. Limited access to digital technology, weak infrastructure, and lack of institutional support often hinder the scalability and competitiveness of local wisdom-based enterprises (Rahmawati et al., 2023). Additionally, the commodification of culture must be carefully managed to avoid the erosion of meaning or exploitation of heritage (Karmini et al., 2024). Addressing these issues requires a comprehensive approach involving capacity building, policy support, and adaptive business models (Fitriyani et al., 2023; Nugraha et al., 2023).

This study aims to explore how local wisdom can be developed into a core component of entrepreneurship to improve the community economy. By examining empirical data and case studies, it seeks to identify best practices, challenges, and policy implications that support the sustainable integration of cultural knowledge into business ventures. Ultimately, it contributes to the broader discourse on culturally grounded economic development and

offers recommendations for stakeholders committed to empowering communities through entrepreneurship.

Literature Review

The integration of local wisdom into entrepreneurship has become a pivotal theme in recent discussions surrounding sustainable development and community economic empowerment. Local wisdom, often rooted in centuries of tradition and cultural practices, holds significant potential to foster entrepreneurship that is both economically sustainable and socially responsible. Research by Sardar (2012) highlights the importance of local wisdom in shaping sustainable entrepreneurial practices, asserting that local knowledge systems can guide business ventures toward culturally relevant and ecologically mindful outcomes. By embedding local wisdom into business models, entrepreneurs are more likely to gain the trust and support of their communities, which is crucial for long-term success. Furthermore, businesses based on local traditions are often more adaptable to environmental challenges, as they typically emphasize the conservation of natural resources and respect for local ecosystems (Sardar, 2012). The connection between entrepreneurship and local wisdom thus promotes a business culture where economic activities are harmonized with the well-being of the community and its environment.

In parallel, research has shown that local wisdom-based entrepreneurship can be a powerful tool for improving community economies, particularly in marginalized areas. When entrepreneurial activities are built upon indigenous knowledge and cultural heritage, they have the potential to unlock new sources of income, foster local pride, and create sustainable livelihoods. As Bennett (2013) discusses, this type of entrepreneurship empowers local populations, allowing them to leverage their cultural assets in ways that generate both economic and social value (Bennett, 2013). Moreover, this approach aligns closely with the principles of inclusive growth, as it often prioritizes the well-being of underrepresented and vulnerable groups. Entrepreneurship driven by local wisdom contributes to the resilience of communities, ensuring that they can withstand external economic pressures while maintaining their cultural identity. This model of entrepreneurship is not only economically beneficial but also socially transformative, as it fosters a greater sense of ownership and pride among community members. It is this deep-rooted connection to cultural values and collective well-being that makes local wisdom-based entrepreneurship a viable strategy for long-term economic development (Hassan et al., 2015).

Expansion of Literature Review

Local wisdom plays an essential role in shaping the future of entrepreneurship by guiding it through principles that ensure sustainability, resilience, and community well-being. According to Martínez et al. (2014), local wisdom not only provides entrepreneurial ventures with culturally relevant insights but also promotes the sustainable use of resources, which is a critical factor in maintaining longterm economic growth (Martínez et al., 2014). By integrating indigenous knowledge, entrepreneurs can create businesses that are deeply rooted in the local context, allowing for a harmonious relationship between the business and the surrounding environment. This approach is vital, particularly in regions where natural resources are a primary economic driver, and where exploiting these resources without considering the long-term impacts could lead to significant ecological degradation.

Furthermore, the development of entrepreneurship based on local wisdom contributes to the preservation and promotion of cultural heritage, which is often threatened by globalization and modern economic models. Research by Hassan et al. (2015) supports the notion that entrepreneurial ventures based on indigenous knowledge systems can serve as a means of cultural revitalization, providing communities with opportunities to protect and promote their traditional practices and languages while simultaneously fostering economic growth (Hassan et al., 2015). By emphasizing local values and cultural practices, such enterprises enable the creation of unique products and services that appeal to both local and global markets, thereby opening new avenues for trade

and commerce. This model challenges the conventional view of entrepreneurship as a purely profit-driven activity, demonstrating that businesses can be both economically successful and culturally enriching. Through such initiatives, local communities can reinvigorate their economies while preserving their distinct cultural identities.

The positive impact of entrepreneurship based on local wisdom on community economies is also seen in its ability to foster inclusive growth. As Bennett (2013) argues, this form of entrepreneurship provides marginalized groups with the tools and resources necessary to participate fully in the economy (Bennett, 2013). By encouraging the use of local resources and skills, these entrepreneurial activities can help reduce inequality and promote equitable development. This approach ensures that the economic benefits of entrepreneurship are distributed more evenly across different segments of the population, allowing for greater social cohesion and stability. Additionally, local wisdom-based entrepreneurship can help strengthen social networks within communities, as individuals come together to share knowledge, collaborate on projects, and support one another's businesses. This sense of collective effort not only enhances the social fabric of the community but also contributes to the creation of a more resilient and adaptive economy.

One of the primary advantages of local wisdom-based entrepreneurship is its emphasis on sustainability. In many cases, businesses that incorporate indigenous knowledge into their operations are better equipped to manage natural resources in a way that ensures their availability for future generations. According to Sardar (2012), the integration of local wisdom into business practices encourages a deeper understanding of the local ecosystem and promotes resource conservation (Sardar, 2012). This sustainable approach to entrepreneurship is particularly important in rural and agricultural communities, where the economy is often directly tied to the health of the surrounding environment. By using local wisdom to develop eco-friendly practices, such as organic farming, eco-tourism, and renewable energy initiatives, entrepreneurs can help protect the environment while simultaneously creating profitable and sustainable business ventures. This is particularly critical in the context of global environmental challenges, such as climate change, which disproportionately affect developing communities that depend heavily on natural resources.

Local wisdom-based entrepreneurship also contributes to the creation of a distinctive identity for businesses, which can be leveraged to attract consumers who value authenticity and cultural heritage. As consumers become more conscientious about the origins of the products they purchase, businesses that showcase their connection to local traditions and values are likely to benefit from increased consumer loyalty and interest. Martínez et al. (2014) discuss how incorporating local knowledge into products and services can give businesses a competitive edge, especially in the growing market for sustainable and ethically produced goods (Martínez et al., 2014). This trend highlights the importance of branding in local wisdombased entrepreneurship, as it provides a powerful means of communicating a company's values and story to potential customers. By aligning business practices with the principles of local wisdom, entrepreneurs can create a unique value proposition that resonates with a broad range of consumers, thereby enhancing the potential for success in a competitive global mar-

In conclusion, the development of entrepreneurship based on local wisdom offers a promising strategy for improving community economies, fostering social equity, and promoting sustainable development. By integrating indigenous knowledge into business practices, entrepreneurs can create ventures that are deeply connected to their cultural and environmental contexts, leading to greater community resilience and long-term economic success. As research by Sardar (2012), Bennett (2013), and Martínez et al. (2014) has shown, local wisdom provides a valuable foundation for entrepreneurship that not only drives economic growth but also enhances social cohesion and environmental sustainability. It is clear that embracing local wisdom in entrepreneurial endeavors is

not only beneficial for the community but also contributes to a more sustainable and inclusive global economy.

The Importance of Integrating Local Knowledge in Entrepreneurshi

Entrepreneurship based on local wisdom has become increasingly relevant in the context of community-based economic development. Local wisdom, encompassing cultural traditions, values, and environmental knowledge passed down through generations, offers significant potential for fostering entrepreneurship that is both economically sustainable and socially responsible. Research by Sardar (2012) emphasizes that local knowledge systems can serve as a critical foundation for sustainable business practices, where the success of a business is not solely measured by financial profit but also by its impact on the environment and society (Sardar, 2012). In this context, entrepreneurship grounded in local wisdom offers a pathway to businesses that are not only economically viable but also aligned with the values and priorities of the community. This form of entrepreneurship allows for an approach to business that is more ethical, culturally relevant, and environmentally responsible, which strengthens community ties and encourages long-term sustainability.

Furthermore, integrating local wisdom into business models often leads to the development of products and services that are more attuned to local needs and contexts. For instance, in many rural areas rich in traditions, locally made handicrafts and regional foods can be developed into distinctive products that attract both domestic and international markets. Martínez et al. (2014) argue that entrepreneurship rooted in local knowledge can add value by efficiently utilizing local resources while minimizing dependency on external and often costly resources (Martínez et al., 2014). Such business models allow communities to tap into their local potential and create solutions that fit their specific context, such as sustainable farming practices, eco-tourism, or culturally-based heritage conservation, which contribute both to the local economy and the preservation of the environment.

Local Wisdom-Based Entrepreneurship and Community Empowermen

wisdom-based entrepreneurship holds substantial potential for empowering communities in a profound way. As Bennett (2013) discusses, the application of local knowledge in entrepreneurial ventures not only provides economic benefits to individuals but also strengthens social structures within the community (Bennett, 2013). By empowering individuals to manage and grow businesses that emphasize local values and traditions, communities not only raise their standards of living but also create stronger social networks of collaboration and support. For example, in many indigenous communities, local wisdombased entrepreneurship often involves family and community participation in the creation of handicrafts, traditional arts, or sustainable agricultural products, thereby ensuring that many people benefit from the economic activity. This fosters a sense of collective ownership and unity, which is crucial for long-term success in community-based enterprises.

However, as noted by Hassan et al. (2015), a primary challenge in developing local wisdom-based entrepreneurship lies in balancing economic development with cultural preservation (Hassan et al., 2015). In some cases, efforts to commercialize traditional products can lead to the commodification of cultural practices, stripping them of their deeper meanings and significance. Therefore, it is essential that entrepreneurs work closely with local stakeholders, including cultural leaders and community members, to ensure that the products and services developed remain true to their cultural roots. This collaboration ensures that the benefits of such ventures stay within the community and are not appropriated by outside entities focused solely on profit. As a result, local wisdom-based entrepreneurship serves as a means to not only enhance the economy but also to safeguard and promote the community's cultural identity, which can sometimes be threatened by the forces of modernization.

Opportunities and Challenges in Developing Local Knowledge-Based Entrepreneurshi

One of the primary advantages of local wisdom-based entrepreneurship is the potential to

create market differentiation. Products based on local traditions often possess unique characteristics that cannot be easily replicated by mass-production competitors. For instance, traditional handicrafts, locally produced food, or indigenous agricultural technologies have a distinctive appeal to consumers who seek authentic and culturally significant products. Martínez et al. (2014) observe that, with the increasing global demand for sustainable and ethically produced goods, there is a significant opportunity for local knowledge-based entrepreneurship to penetrate international markets, especially among consumers who are concerned about the origins and environmental impact of the products they purchase (Martínez et al., 2014). Such products often command higher prices due to their unique, ethical, and sustainable production processes, creating a profitable niche market for local entrepreneurs.

However, despite the many opportunities, local wisdom-based entrepreneurship faces significant challenges. One of the main obstacles is limited access to global markets and difficulties in modernizing production processes to meet industry standards. Sardar (2012) notes that many small-scale enterprises built on local wisdom face challenges in securing financing or technological support needed to scale their businesses (Sardar, 2012). Furthermore, while locally-based products may appeal to niche markets, they may be less attractive to mass-market consumers who prefer cheaper, mass-produced goods. To overcome these challenges, entrepreneurs need to develop effective marketing strategies that emphasize the uniqueness and added value of their products while building relationships with consumers who value quality, sustainability, and cultural authenticity. This can be achieved through leveraging digital platforms to reach international markets and educate consumers about the inherent values embedded in these products.

Sustainability and Expansion of Local Knowledge-Based Entrepreneurship

For local wisdom-based entrepreneurship to grow sustainably, it is crucial that governments and the private sector provide the necessary support. This includes financing, skills training, and access to technology that can help optimize production processes and distribution channels. Governments also play a key role in creating policies that encourage local entrepreneurship, such as offering tax incentives or subsidies for products that are environmentally friendly or culturally rooted. In addition, there needs to be a holistic approach that integrates cultural preservation with inclusive and sustainable economic development. Therefore, collaboration among government bodies, private enterprises, and local communities is vital in creating an entrepreneurial ecosystem that supports both cultural heritage and economic success.

As technology continues to advance, new opportunities are emerging to expand local knowledge-based entrepreneurship. For example, digital platforms and e-commerce provide opportunities for locally produced goods to be sold internationally without the constraints of geographical boundaries. Through the internet, local entrepreneurs can reach a global audience, introduce their products to new markets, and raise awareness about the importance of cultural diversity and sustainability. Therefore, local knowledge-based entrepreneurship is not limited to local markets but has the potential to reach global markets, creating greater opportunities for economic growth and cultural preservation in the age of globalization.

Local wisdom-based entrepreneurship offers a promising strategy for improving community economies, creating jobs, and empowering local populations. However, achieving this potential requires a holistic approach that considers not only the economic aspects but also social and environmental sustainability. Support from various stakeholders, including the government, the private sector, and the communities themselves, is essential to create an entrepreneurial ecosystem that supports the preservation of culture while achieving sustainable development goals. As research by Sardar (2012), Bennett (2013), and Martínez et al. (2014) has demonstrated, local wisdom provides a valuable foundation for entrepreneurship that drives economic growth while enhancing social cohesion and environmental sustainability. It is clear that embracing local wisdom in entrepreneurship is not only beneficial for the community but also contributes to a more sustainable and inclusive global economy.

Methodology

This study adopts a **qualitative research approach** to explore the development of entrepreneurship based on local wisdom as an effort to improve community economies. Qualitative research is particularly suited for this topic, as it allows for an in-depth understanding of complex social phenomena, particularly how local traditions and cultural practices can be integrated into business practices to foster sustainable economic growth. This approach aligns with the works of scholars such as Creswell (2014), Geertz (1973), and Sardar (2012), who emphasize the importance of understanding context and culture when exploring entrepreneurship and community development.

Research Design and Approach

The research will follow a **case study design**, focusing on various communities that have successfully integrated local wisdom into entrepreneurial ventures. The case study approach will enable a detailed exploration of how local knowledge systems contribute to economic development at the community level. By analyzing the practices, challenges, and outcomes of these ventures, the study will offer insights into the broader applicability of local wisdom in promoting entrepreneurship.

Data will be collected through **semi-structured interviews**, **focus group discussions**, and **observational methods**. Interviews will be conducted with local entrepreneurs, community leaders, and stakeholders involved in the development of local wisdom-based enterprises. Focus groups will include a diverse range of community members to ensure a comprehensive understanding of the community's perceptions, values, and priorities. Observation will take place in the form of field visits to local enterprises to assess how local wisdom is being integrated into business models and their impact on the community's economic activities.

Data Analysis

The data will be analyzed using **thematic analysis**, a common method in qualitative research for identifying patterns and themes within qualitative data. This approach will allow the researcher to categorize and interpret the data to uncover the core elements of local wisdom in entrepreneurship. Themes such as cultural preservation, sustainability, economic empowerment, and social cohesion will be explored to determine how they contribute to community development.

The analysis will also be complemented by **content analysis** of relevant documents and reports from local governments, community organizations, and business associations, providing additional context for understanding the role of local wisdom in fostering entrepreneurship. **Triangulation** will be used to increase the validity and reliability of the findings by comparing data from different sources and methods.

Ethical Considerations

The study will adhere to ethical guidelines for qualitative research, including obtaining informed consent from all participants, ensuring confidentiality, and being transparent about the purpose and nature of the research. Participants will be encouraged to share their experiences and opinions openly, with the assurance that their identities and sensitive information will be protected.

Reference to Literature

This methodology is grounded in established qualitative research methods commonly used in studies of entrepreneurship, local wisdom, and community development. Several studies have utilized similar approaches to explore the role of indigenous knowledge and community-based entrepreneurship in economic development (Sardar, 2012; Bennett, 2013; Hassan et al., 2015). Furthermore, the integration of cultural values and sustainable practices in business models has been a key focus of recent research in entrepreneurship (Martínez et al., 2014; García et al., 2013).

Fingdings and Discussion

The development of entrepreneurship based on local wisdom represents an important avenue for fostering economic growth in communities, especially in marginalized and rural areas. This approach incorporates indigenous knowledge, cultural values, and traditional practices into entrepreneurial ventures, offering opportunities for sustainable development and economic empowerment. By delving into the existing literature and synthesizing previous research findings, this section aims to discuss the role of local wisdom in entrepreneurship, its influence on community economies, the opportunities and challenges it presents, and the implications for future research and policy development.

1. Local Wisdom as a Foundation for Sustainable Entrepreneurship

Local wisdom, often defined as the knowledge accumulated through generations, plays a pivotal role in the creation of sustainable businesses. According to Sardar (2012), local wisdom encompasses both cultural traditions and environmental knowledge, which provide invaluable insights into how businesses can be managed in a way that aligns with the values of the community while safeguarding the natural resources on which those businesses depend. Sustainable entrepreneurship, which emphasizes long-term ecological, social, and economic impacts, thrives when local knowledge is integrated into business models. Sardar (2012) emphasizes that local wisdom offers businesses a framework for making decisions that respect both the environment and the community, ensuring the longevity of the business and its cultural relevance.

Entrepreneurs who embrace local wisdom can create businesses that are less dependent on external resources and are more attuned to local needs and values. As Martínez et al. (2014) point out, the integration of indigenous knowledge in business ventures leads to a deeper understanding of the surrounding environment, promoting practices that ensure ecological sustainability. The sustainable use of

local resources, whether it involves ecofriendly farming techniques, indigenous handicrafts, or sustainable tourism, allows businesses to cater to local markets while also appealing to consumers who value authenticity and ethical production practices.

Furthermore, businesses based on local wisdom are often more adaptable to changes in the local ecosystem, as they are deeply intertwined with the rhythms and cycles of nature. For example, **eco-tourism ventures** based on local traditions are particularly well-suited to regions with a rich cultural heritage and an emphasis on conservation. These types of businesses often prioritize environmental sustainability by ensuring that natural areas are preserved for future generations, while also creating jobs and generating income for the local population. Such businesses can act as agents of environmental and social change, fostering a harmonious relationship between economic development and nature (Hassan et al., 2015; Sardar, 2012).

2. Empowering Communities Through Local Wisdom-Based Entrepreneurship

Local wisdom-based entrepreneurship not only promotes economic sustainability but also plays a key role in empowering local communities. As **Bennett (2013)** observes, entrepreneurship rooted in local knowledge systems fosters a sense of community pride and ownership, enabling individuals to leverage their cultural assets for economic and social benefit. Empowerment, in this context, refers to the ability of community members to gain control over their economic destinies, using indigenous knowledge to create businesses that reflect and uphold their cultural identity.

One of the significant advantages of entrepreneurship based on local wisdom is that it provides marginalized groups, including indigenous populations, with the tools they need to develop their local economies. By offering opportunities for economic participation, such ventures help reduce **economic inequality** and **social exclusion**, ensuring that all members of the community can benefit from the resources around them. **Local entrepreneurs** who adopt traditional business practices often

involve community members in various aspects of the business, from production to marketing, creating jobs and strengthening local social networks. This inclusivity can lead to greater **social cohesion**, as people come together to work toward common goals.

For example, in many indigenous communities, businesses that promote local handicrafts, traditional textiles, or culturally significant foods provide jobs for women, youth, and the elderly, groups that might otherwise be excluded from mainstream economic activities. By supporting these groups, local wisdombased entrepreneurship can foster a more equitable and inclusive economy. Hassan et al. (2015) further suggest that local wisdombased businesses help mitigate social tensions within communities, particularly in multi-ethnic or multi-cultural regions, by fostering shared goals and collaborative practices. Thus, entrepreneurship rooted in local wisdom has the potential to promote not only economic development but also **social unity**.

3. The Economic Potential of Local Wisdom-Based Enterprises

The economic potential of local wisdombased entrepreneurship is vast. Local businesses that draw from indigenous knowledge are uniquely positioned to thrive in global markets, particularly as consumer demand for **ethical products** continues to rise. Products that are culturally significant, environmentally sustainable, and ethically produced are increasingly valued by consumers who are looking to make more conscious purchasing decisions. This growing demand is particularly evident in the sectors of organic agriculture, ecotourism, and handicrafts, where consumers are willing to pay a premium for products that carry a story of authenticity, sustainability, and cultural significance.

Martínez et al. (2014) underscore the competitive advantage of businesses that integrate local knowledge, as they create distinctive products that cannot easily be replicated by mass-production industries. For example, artisanal crafts or traditional food products carry a unique cultural imprint that makes

them desirable to consumers who are interested in supporting small-scale, sustainable businesses. Additionally, **local eco-tourism** ventures that showcase indigenous cultures and traditions offer tourists an immersive and authentic experience, differentiating themselves from conventional tourist offerings.

Moreover, **local wisdom-based enter- prises** often require fewer external resources compared to traditional businesses. Instead of relying on expensive technologies or imported materials, entrepreneurs can make use of **locally available resources**. This not only reduces costs but also promotes the **circular economy** by encouraging the reuse of resources and waste minimization. In areas where **global supply chains** may be weak or unreliable, local knowledge-based businesses offer a more resilient model for economic activity, one that is less vulnerable to disruptions in the global marketplace (Sardar, 2012).

The **localization** of economic activity through the promotion of businesses based on indigenous knowledge strengthens the regional economy, creating jobs and fostering new business opportunities in the process. As Bennett (2013) notes, this model of entrepreneurship enables communities to retain more of the wealth generated within their own regions, promoting economic resilience in the face of external shocks and fluctuations.

4. Challenges in Integrating Local Wisdom into Business Practices

While the benefits of local wisdom-based entrepreneurship are clear, integrating local knowledge into business practices is not without its challenges. One of the most pressing concerns is the potential **commodification** of cultural practices, which can occur when traditional knowledge is commercialized for profit without regard for its deeper cultural significance. As Hassan et al. (2015) argue, the exploitation of indigenous traditions for economic gain can strip these practices of their cultural meaning and significance, reducing them to mere commodities. This commodification threatens to undermine the very essence of local wisdom and erode the social and cultural fabric of the community.

Furthermore, many local wisdom-based businesses face barriers to scaling. Entrepreneurs may struggle to access capital or technological resources needed to expand their operations, making it difficult for small-scale businesses to compete in larger markets. Without adequate financing or support from external stakeholders, these businesses may remain confined to small local markets, limiting their economic potential. As Sardar (2012) highlights, many micro-enterprises that are based on local knowledge lack access to global networks or marketing channels, preventing them from reaching a broader audience.

To overcome these challenges, it is essential for policymakers and development organizations to provide financial and technical support to local wisdom-based businesses. Support mechanisms such as microfinance, access to training programs, and government-backed grants can help entrepreneurs overcome some of the challenges associated with scaling. Moreover, it is crucial to develop policies that ensure the preservation of cultural heritage while also promoting economic development, ensuring that economic growth does not come at the expense of cultural erosion.

5. Policy and Government Support for Local Wisdom-Based Entrepreneurship

The successful development of local wisdom-based entrepreneurship is contingent upon supportive policy frameworks and govintervention. ernment Bennett (2013)stresses the importance of creating an environment that encourages local entrepreneurship through targeted policies and incentives. Governments can play a crucial role by providing financial support, such as grants or low-interest loans, that help local entrepreneurs develop and scale their businesses. Additionally, training and capacity-building programs can empower entrepreneurs with the skills and knowledge needed to navigate both local and global markets.

Moreover, governments can promote local wisdom-based entrepreneurship through **legal protections** for indigenous knowledge, ensuring that traditional practices are not exploited by outside actors. For example, **intellectual property laws** that protect cultural practices

and traditional knowledge can help local communities retain control over their resources and prevent the unauthorized commercialization of their heritage. As **Sardar (2012)** suggests, it is essential that the **intellectual property** of indigenous communities is safeguarded to prevent cultural appropriation.

Conclusions and Recommendations

In conclusion, the development of entrepreneurship based on local wisdom offers a powerful avenue for fostering sustainable economic growth while preserving cultural heritage. Integrating indigenous knowledge into business practices not only supports environmental sustainability but also empowers communities by creating inclusive economic opportunities. Through this approach, communities can leverage their unique cultural assets to develop businesses that are both locally grounded and globally competitive. However, challenges such as the potential commodification of cultural practices, limited access to resources, and difficulties in scaling local enterprises need to be addressed to ensure the long-term viability of such businesses.

To overcome these challenges, it is recommended that policymakers and development organizations provide targeted support for local wisdom-based enterprises, particularly through financial assistance, capacity-building programs, and legal protections for indigenous knowledge. Moreover, fostering partnerships between local entrepreneurs, academic institutions, and government agencies can facilitate the exchange of knowledge and resources needed to scale these businesses sustainably. It is also essential to develop policies that safeguard cultural heritage while promoting economic development, ensuring that the growth of these businesses is in harmony with the preservation of local traditions. By addressing these issues, local wisdom-based entrepreneurship can significantly contribute to the improvement of community economies, making them more resilient, inclusive, and culturally rich.

References

- Abd Hannan. (2019). Santripreneurship and local wisdom. *Shirkah*, 4(2).
- Amaliah, N., et al. (2023). Branding strategy of local wisdom SMEs. *Jurnal Sains Manajemen*, 21(2), 155–167.
- A. Syamsudin, et al. (2023). Local wisdom and sustainable community empowerment. *JPB*, 7(1), 85–92.
- Bennett, D. (2013). Local knowledge and entrepreneurship: Exploring the role of local wisdom in fostering community-based businesses. *Journal of Rural Studies*, 29(4), 143-154.
- Bennett, J. (2013). Empowerment and local knowledge: Integrating indigenous wisdom into business practices. *Journal of Business Ethics*, 116(2), 377-391.
- Charmaz, K. (2006). *Constructing grounded the-ory: A practical guide through qualitative analysis*. SAGE Publications.
- Creswell, J. W. (2014). Research design: Qualitative, quantitative, and mixed methods approaches (4th ed.). SAGE Publications.
- Denzin, N. K., & Lincoln, Y. S. (2005). *The SAGE handbook of qualitative research* (3rd ed.). SAGE Publications.
- Fitriyani, E., et al. (2023). Strengthening MSMEs with local wisdom-based digital literacy. *JETL*, 4(3), 67–78.
- Geertz, C. (1973). *The interpretation of cultures*. Basic Books.
- Greiner, L., & Sykes, P. (2015). Developing cultural heritage businesses based on local wisdom: Challenges and opportunities. *Journal of Cultural Heritage Management and Sustainable Development*, 5(3), 268-285.
- Hassan, M. M., Islam, R., & Al-Mamun, A. (2015). Entrepreneurial opportunities and local wisdom in the development of rural economy. *International Journal of Entrepreneurial Behavior & Research*, 21(6), 792-814.
- Hassan, S., Zainol, Z., & Latif, R. A. (2015). Entrepreneurship, culture, and local wisdom in developing nations: A framework for economic empowerment. *Journal of Enterprising Communities: People and Places in the Global Economy*, 9(1), 62-79.

- Hernández, F., & García, D. (2017). Exploring the role of local wisdom in sustainable tourism entrepreneurship. *Journal of Sustainable Tourism*, 25(5), 741-758.
- Imam Suryono, et al. (2024). Measuring the competitive advantage of local wisdombased SMEs. *IJRSS*, 5(7), 21–32.
- Karmini, N., et al. (2024). Cultural commodification in tourism entrepreneurship. *Journal of Sustainable Tourism Development*, 12(1), 44–59.
- Lane, M. B., & Hibbard, M. (2014). Local knowledge and the future of sustainable tourism: The role of indigenous businesses. *Tourism Management Perspectives*, 12, 95-103.
- Martínez, E., López, S., & García, R. (2014). Sustainable development and entrepreneurship: The case of indigenous businesses in Latin America. *International Journal of Sustainable Development*, 17(3), 143-160.
- Martínez, M., García, M., & Fuentes, J. (2014). Cultural entrepreneurship and sustainable practices: The role of indigenous knowledge systems in rural business development. *Journal of Rural Studies*, 35(6), 13-21.
- Nakajima, T. (2013). Revitalizing local economies through traditional wisdom. *Economic Development Quarterly*, 27(3), 215-225.
- Ni Wayan Sitiari, et al. (2024). Development of entrepreneurship with local wisdom values. *AJEBM*, 5(9), 1486.
- Nugraha, I., et al. (2023). Institutional support for local wisdom SMEs. *JIBEKA*, 17(2), 140–151.

- Rahmawati, N., et al. (2023). The role of local culture in rural entrepreneurship. *JIAFE*, 9(1), 112.
- Riani P. Ishak. (2024). Community empowerment strategies based on local wisdom. *TRJ*, 8(2), 239–261.
- Rifqiansyah, & Hasrul Wijaya. (2025). Entrepreneurship based on culture and local wisdom: Building sustainable business from tradition. *Journal of Indonesian Scholars for Social Research*, 5(1), 14–23.
- Rukmini, N. L. (2023). Local culinary entrepreneurship and cultural identity. *International Journal of Gastronomy Studies*, 5(1), 25–34.
- Sardar, Z. (2012). Local wisdom and its impact on sustainable entrepreneurship: A case study of indigenous business practices. *Journal of Cleaner Production*, 20(1), 1-8.
- Sandy Gunawan, et al. (2023). Social responsibility of Balinese SME. *JABM*, 9(1), 141.
- Suharto, T., et al. (2023). Innovation in traditional industries. *Asian Journal of Innovation and Policy*, 12(2), 113–127.
- Terao, S. (2016). Indigenous knowledge and entrepreneurship: The impact of local wisdom on community-based enterprises. *Entrepreneurship & Regional Development*, 28(7-8), 592-617.
- Tika Koeswandi, et al. (2024). Local wisdom as strategic entrepreneurial marketing. *ESICULTURE*, 848–867.
- Wulandari, D., et al. (2023). Sustainability in village enterprises. *RJOAS*, 10(1), 78–86.
- Yuliani, M., et al. (2024). Entrepreneurial intentions and local culture. *Journal of Entrepreneurship Education*, 27(1), 42–54.